## Personalised Care: a maturity framework for embedding Personalised Care

This checklist is designed to help anyone who is responsible for implementing and embedding Personalised Care in their local team, service or organisation.



### 1. What Personalised care is:

- Personalised care represents a new relationship between people and professionals with "what matters to me" being at the heart.
- It is a central component of both the NHS Long Term Plan, and the Coventry & Warwickshire ICS Strategy.
- It is a 2022-23 CQUIN, to be embedded in Service Development Plans for 2023-24 and beyond.

# 2. Why it matters:

We can, through personalised care:

- Achieve better experiences and health outcomes for people by embedding the six components of the UPC model across our System, Place and Neighbourhoods.
- Reduce health inequalities by giving everyone the opportunity to lead the healthiest life they can, no matter where they live or who they are.

# 3. The foundations of excellent personalised care:

Excellent personalised care is illustrated in the NHSE Shared Decision Making ('SDM') implementation framework (see Figure 1).

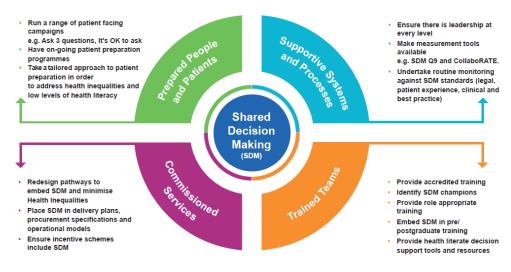


Figure 1: NHS England Shared Decision Making implementation framework

### 4. How to do it:

Using the SDM framework above will help you start conversations with key stakeholders so that you can understand where your service is in terms of delivering personalised care. Embedding Personalised Care in Service Development Plans almost always means changing and redesigning the clinical pathway. Using the framework will also help you put in place the essential elements needed for a successful change programme.

Changing established pathways requires a programme of work that is co-designed by all local stakeholders including the people who use services and teams providing care.

Personalised care can be offered in your service using one or more of the following six components:

- 1. Shared decision making (see Fig. 1)
- 2. Enabling choice
- 3. Social prescribing and community support
- 4. Supported self-management
- 5. Personalised care and support plans (see Fig. 2)
- 6. Personal health budgets



Figure 2: NHS England foundations for excellent PCSPs



# 5. Personalised Care Checklist

Personalised care can be offered using any of the components:

Personalised Care Component	Foundation	Where is your Service now? (See Appendix on page 6 for an Improvement Action Plan template you can adapt and use for your organisation.)
Shared Decision Making (See Fig. 1)	1.1 Leadership at every level, including clinical  Our SDM programme is led by a clinical lead, a person with lived experience, a representative from the voluntary and community sector, a programme manager, and both an executive and non-executive sponsor.  All clinical team members have an awareness of the importance of SDM  SDM is a routine element of all clinical audit activity, including through a peer-review process for assessing and providing peer feedback to team members on their shared decision-making practice.  Managers are supported to embed personalised care in services and pathways – see 1.2.2 for suggestions.	
	1.2.1 Trained Teams – all staff:  The workforce has access to personalised care training via the Personalised Care Institute (Your learning options (personalisedcareinstitute.org.uk)) to support and embed SDM.  Staff are supported to attend workshops/webinars on how to apply personalised care in their day-to-day practice.  Staff are able to access support from the C&W Personalised Care programme and access website resources and toolkits here: Personalised Care - Happy Healthy Lives  All clinical team members have an awareness of the importance of SDM  All members of clinical teams have been trained in SDM and simplified communication techniques, which helps check whether complex information has been explained effectively i.e. in a way that makes sense to people (e.g. 'teach back' across the pathway).  All clinical team members demonstrably practice shared decision making.  There is a long-term programme in place to build SDM capability within the Service workforce.  SDM forms part of every new member of staff's induction.  SDM is recognised as an ongoing CPD need for clinicians.	



### 1.2.2 Trained Teams - what managers can do:

- Support your staff to undertake personalised care training including eLearning Training for Personalised Care - Happy Healthy Lives
- Include personalised care in goal setting objectives for individuals.
- Include personalised care in team meetings.
- Include personalised care in team action plans, and embed in your service/pathway.
- Plan an 'It's OK to Ask' campaign (see 1.3 below).
- Arrange reflection practice workshops for your staff to support their knowledge, skills, and application of personalised care.
- Provide teams with access to support tools and resources from <u>Personalised</u> <u>Care - Happy Healthy Lives</u>.
- Attend managers' personalised care webinars <u>Personalised Care News and Events</u> Happy Healthy Lives

### 1.3 Prepared patient:

- There is a programme to develop patients' skills, knowledge and confidence
  to participate in SDM conversations e.g., the C&W ICS "prepared patient"
  resource/campaign It's ok to Ask, which encourages people to ask key
  questions, so they are better supported to make a decision about care,
  support or treatment options; and mechanisms for providers to actively
  engage patients in this approach copies available from the Personalisation
  programme team.
- We have patient and public input into developing health literate decision support resources.
- We can use videos such as this to support our prepared patient approach: <a href="https://youtu.be/V-poY45LNgg">https://youtu.be/V-poY45LNgg</a>
- We use a validated tool to measure patient and clinical involvement in shared decision making (eg. CollaboRATE, Sure, SDM-Q9, SDM-Q-DOC).

#### 1.4 Commissioned services

- We use a range of shared decision-making evaluation and monitoring tools for example:
  - CollaboRATE
  - Sure
  - o SDM-Q9 / SDM-Q-DOC
- Our third-party providers use a relevant clinical code to capture that an SDM conversation has taken place between clinician and patient.

- We have a defined set of process and outcome metrics?
- We measure the financial impact, including return on investment, of implementing SDM.



	SDM is included as a requirement in all relevant procurement specifications.
Personalised Care and Support Plans (PCSP) (See Fig. 2)	2.1 Workforce training:  • The workforce has access to personalised care training via the Personalised Care Institute (Your learning options (personalisedcareinstitute.org.uk)) to support and embed Personalised Care and Support Plans.  • Staff are supported to attend workshops/webinars on how to apply personalised care in their day-to-day practice.  • Staff are able to access support from the Personalised Care programme and access website resources and toolkits here: Personalised Care - Happy Healthy Lives
	2.2 Our PCSP process supports the criteria set out in Fig 2 for a great plan:  People are central in developing and agreeing their personalised care and support plan including deciding who is involved in the process.  People have proactive personalised conversations which focus on what matters to them, paying attention to their needs and wider health wellbeing.  People agree the health and wellbeing outcomes they want to achieve, in partnership with the relevant professionals.  Each person has a sharable personalised care and support plan which records what matters to them, their outcomes and how they will be achieved.  People have the opportunity to formally and informally review their care plan.
	2.3 Staff are aware that PCSPs are recommended for: all long-term condition pathways, plus maternity services, palliative and end of life care, residential care settings, cancer, dementia and cardiovascular diseases.
	2.4 Staff working with patients in the following areas are able to: access specific resources to support the development of PCSPs from the ICB website here:  Personalised Care - Happy Healthy Lives  Long Term Conditions  Maternity Services  Outpatients  Waiting Lists for Elective Procedures  Case Studies
	2.5 Staff are able to: evidence how personalised care and support planning is used and reviewed to give patients more choice over how services are delivered.
Social Prescribing	3.1 Staff understand the role of social prescribing to support patients with their needs and wider health and wellbeing.



	3.2 Staff have access to local social prescribing services to enable referrals in primary care and community provision.	
	3.3 Staff are aware of the hospital social prescribing service to support patients on discharge and how to refer into it.	
Supported Self-Management	4.1 There is evidence that supported self-management is embedded into offer/service delivery model with patients, e.g. evidence of appropriate interventions such as health coaching, self-management education and peer support that can help people to develop the capacity to live well with their condition(s).	
	4.2 Staff have the resources and support to develop information for patients.	
	4.3 Digital options are available for some patients: e.g. NHS@Home supports more connected personalised care, using technology such as remote monitoring devices to support people to better self-manage their health and care at home with education and support from clinical teams.	
Personal Health Budgets	5.1 <b>Staff understand how</b> PHBs support patients, know how to access PHBs, have opportunities to utilise them, and evidence their use.	
	5.2 Staff are aware that PHBs are flexible and agile in order to meet the individual needs of the individual patient.	

For information on the support available from the Coventry & Warwickshire ICS Personalisation Programme, contact <a href="mailto:geh.cwpersonalisation@nhs.net">geh.cwpersonalisation@nhs.net</a>.



## APPENDIX: IMPROVEMENT ACTION PLAN TEMPLATE

1. Shared Decision	Where is your Service now?	Action(s) for Improvement	Lead	Deadline	Review Date
Making Foundation					
1.1 Leadership at every level, includ	ing clinical:	·			
Our SDM programme is led by a					
clinical lead, a person with lived					
experience, a representative from the					
voluntary and community sector, a					
programme manager, and both an					
executive and non-executive					
sponsor.					
All clinical team members have an					
awareness of the importance of SDM.					
SDM is a routine element of all					
clinical audit activity, including					
through a peer-review process for					
assessing and providing peer					
feedback to team members on their					
shared decision-making practice.					
Managers are supported to embed					
personalised care in services and					
pathways.					
1.2.1 Trained Teams – all staff:			<u> </u>		I
The workforce has access to					
personalised care training via the					
Personalised Care Institute (or other					
provider): (Your learning options					
(personalisedcareinstitute.org.uk)) to					
support and embed SDM.					
Staff are supported to attend					
workshops/webinars on how to apply					
personalised care in their day- to-day					
practice.					
Staff are able to access support from					
the C&W Personalised Care					
programme and access website					



		1		
resources and toolkits here:	,			
Personalised Care - Happy Healthy	,			
Lives				
All clinical team members have an				
awareness of the importance of SDM.				
All members of clinical teams have				
been trained in SDM and simplified	,			
communication techniques, which	,			
helps check whether complex	,			
information has been explained	,			
effectively i.e. in a way that makes	,			
sense to people (e.g. 'teach back'	,			
across the pathway).				
All clinical team members				
demonstrably practice shared	,			
decision making.	,			
There is a long-term programme in				
place to build SDM capability within	,			
the Service workforce.	,			
SDM forms part of every new				
member of staff's induction.	,			
SDM is recognised as an ongoing				
CPD need for clinicians.	,			
There is a Personalised Care				
Champion/Ambassador in the	,			
Directorate.	,			
1.2.2 Trained Teams – what managers	s can do:	l	L	
Support your staff to undertake				
personalised care training including	,			
eLearning Training for Personalised	,			
Care - Happy Healthy Lives	,			
Include personalised care in goal				
setting objectives for individuals.	,			
Include personalised care in team				
meetings.	,			
Include personalised care in team	<del></del>			
action plan <mark>s, and embed in your</mark>	,			
service/pathway.				
Plan an 'It's OK to Ask' campaign				
(see 1.3 below).				
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Arrange reflection practice workshops		
for your staff to support their		
knowledge, skills, and application of		
personalised care.		
Provide teams with access to support		
tools and resources from		
Personalised Care - Happy Healthy		
<u>Lives</u> .		
Attend managers' personalised care		
webinars Personalised Care News		
and Events - Happy Healthy Lives		
1.3 Prepared patient:		
There is a programme to develop		
patients' skills, knowledge and		
confidence to participate in SDM		
conversations – e.g., the C&W ICS		
"prepared patient" resource/campaign		
- It's ok to Ask, which encourages		
people to ask key questions, so they		
are better supported to make a		
decision about care, support or		
treatment options; and mechanisms		
for providers to actively engage		
patients in this approach – copies		
available from the Personalisation		
programme team and at <u>Personalised</u>		
Care - Happy Healthy Lives		
We have patient and public input into		
developing health literate decision		
support resources.		
We can use videos such as this to		
support our prepared patient		
approach: https://youtu.be/V-		
poY45LNgg		
We use a validated tool to measure		
patient and clinical involvement in		
shared decision making, eg:		
o CollaboRATE		
o Sure		
o SDM-Q9 / SDM-Q-DOC		



1.4 Commissioned services				
We use a range of shared decision-				
making evaluation and monitoring				
tools for example:				
<ul> <li>CollaboRATE</li> </ul>				
o Sure				
<ul><li>SDM-Q9 / SDM-Q-DOC</li></ul>				
Our third-party providers use a				
relevant clinical code to capture that				
an SDM conversation has taken				
place between clinician and patient.				
We have a defined set of process				
and outcome metrics.				
We measure the financial impact,				
including return on investment, of				
implementing SDM.				
SDM is included as a requirement in				
all relevant procurement	1			
specifications.				

2. Personalised Care and Support Plans (PCSP)	Where is your Service now?	Action(s) for Improvement	Lead	Deadline	Review Date
Foundation					
2.1 Workforce training:					
The workforce has access to					
personalised care training via the					
Personalised Care Institute (Your					
learning options					
(personalisedcareinstitute.org.uk)) to					
support and embed Personalised					
Care and Support Plans.					



Staff are supported to attend					
workshops/webinars on how to apply					
personalised care in their day-to-day					
practice.					
Staff are able to access support from					
the Personalised Care programme					
and access website resources and					
toolkits here: Personalised Care -					
Happy Healthy Lives					
2.2 Our PCSP process supports the criteria for a great plan:					
	1	-			
People are central in developing and					
agreeing their personalised care and					
support plan including deciding who					
is involved in the process.					
People have proactive personalised					
conversations which focus on what					
matters to them, paying attention to					
their needs and wider health					
wellbeing.					
People agree the health and					
wellbeing outcomes they want to					
achieve, in partnership with the					
relevant professionals.					
Each person has a sharable					
personalised care and support plan					
which records what matters to them,					
their outcomes and how they will be					
achieved.					
People have the opportunity to					
formally and informally review their					
care plan.					
2.3 Staff are aware that PCSPs are recommended for:					
All long-term condition					
pathways.					
Maternity services.					
o Palliative and end of life care.					
Residential care settings.					
o Cancer.					
o Dementia.					
o Cardiovascular diseases.					
2.4 Staff working with patients in the following areas are able to:					



Access specific resources and case studies to support the development of PCSPs from the ICB website here: Personalised Care - Happy Healthy Lives  Long Term Conditions  Maternity Services  Outpatients  Waiting Lists for Elective			
Procedures  2.5 Staff are able to:			
Evidence how personalised care and support planning is used and reviewed to give patients more choice over how services are delivered.			

3. Social Prescribing	Where is your Service now?	Action(s) for Improvement	Lead	Deadline	Review Date
3.1 Staff understand the role of social prescribing to support patients with their needs and wider health and wellbeing.					
3.2 Staff have access to local social prescribing services to enable referrals in primary care and community provision.					
3.3 Staff are aware of hospital social prescribing services to support patients on discharge and how to refer into it.					

4. Supported Self Management	Where is your Service now?	Action(s) for Improvement	Lead	Deadline	Review Date
4.1 There is evidence that					
supported self-management is					
embedded into offer/service					
delivery model with patients, e.g.					
evidence of appropriate interventions					
such as health coaching, self-					



management education and peer support that can help people to develop the capacity to live well with their condition(s).			
4.2 Staff have the resources and			
support to develop information for			
patients.			
4.3 Digital options are available for some patients: e.g. NHS@Home supports more connected personalised care, using technology such as remote monitoring devices to support people to better self-manage their health and care at home with education and support from clinical teams.			

5. Personal Health Budgets	Where is your Service now?	Action(s) for Improvement	Lead	Deadline	Review Date
5.1 Staff understand how:					
<ul> <li>PHBs support patients.</li> </ul>					
o To access PHBs.					
<ul> <li>To have opportunities to utilise</li> </ul>					
them, and evidence their use.					
5.2 Staff are aware that PHBs are					
flexible and agile in order to meet					
the individual needs of the individual					
patient.					